



Choosing Between Charred Larch, Spruce, Oak and Accoya

Feature	Charred Spruce	Charred Larch	Charred Oak	Charred Accoya
Durability	Moderate	High (rot-resistant, but less stable)	Very high (resistant to weather, fungi, termites)	Exceptional (resistant to decay and insects)
Stability	Moderate	Moderate (prone to seasonal movement)	High (naturally stable, less movement than Larch)	Excellent (dimensionally stable)
Appearance	Dark brown to black, uniform	Deep black, textured	Golden brown, rich grain; silvers over time	Smooth, pale to light-gray when weathered
Maintenance	Requires recoating more often	Minimal	Moderate, may need oiling or treatment	Low maintenance
Cost	Lower	Moderate to high	High (due to material strength and quality)	High (premium product)
Sustainability	Moderate (depends on source)	High (sustainably harvested options)	Moderate to high (requires responsible sourcing)	Very high (FSC-certified, sustainable)
Resistance to Rot	Moderate, needs treatment	High (naturally rot-resistant)	Very high (resistant to decay and pests)	Outstanding (class-leading decay resistance)
Best Applications	Budget-friendly cladding, less exposed	Exposed locations, rustic aesthetics	Premium projects requiring strength and elegance	Top-tier choice for long-term, stable, and eco-friendly

For cost-effective cladding: Charred Spruce is a suitable choice for low-impact areas or where budget is the main concern.

For harsh environments, Charred Larch is a durable, cost-effective choice with excellent resistance to the elements, ensuring reliable performance over time.

For premium durability and elegance: Charred Oak is ideal, combining strength, resilience, and a timeless appearance.

For ultimate stability and sustainability: Charred Accoya is unmatched for long-term, eco-friendly performance.

Ultimately, the choice depends on your project's specific needs, budget, and desired aesthetic.